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**Reading extract and questions:**

**Year 3-4**

**Forces**

**Set A/B**

There are many ways to explain what a force is. Perhaps the simplest way to think of a force is as something that can make an object move from one position to another. If an object is not staying still, there is (or was) a force that caused that movement. What is more, the object will continue to move until there is another force working in the opposite direction.

Many forces are very easy to spot. There are ones that involve pushing, like when you are rolling a giant snowball to make the body of a snowman. There are also ones that involve pulling, such as a team of huskies with a sledge. In both cases, you can clearly see who or what is doing all the work. It all depends on whether they are behind or in front of the object as it moves.



 **Pushing force** **Pulling force**

There are, however, some forces that you cannot see at all. We don’t mean things like the wind in the sails of a boat – that force is invisible because we can’t see air, although we can still feel it. No, we’re talking about things like gravity – the force that pulls objects towards the centre of the Earth. You can’t see it. You can’t even feel it in the same way that you can sense the brush of the breeze through your hair. However, you will certainly know about it if you’ve ever lost your grip on the monkey bars!

Magnetism is another force you can only notice by the effects it has on certain materials. It’s almost magic the way a magnet can pick up a nail, let alone the way it can still work through different materials. Have you ever seen iron filings moving around on a piece of card because there is a magnet shifting underneath?

If that’s hard to wrap your head around, magnetism can be both a pushing and a pulling force … at the same time! It all depends which end, or pole, of another magnet is closest. We call these opposite ends north and south. The north pole will attract the south pole of another magnet but repel the north.

So, if you have a magnet and you know which way round its poles are, you can also work out which is the north end and which is south of any other magnet, just by moving it close enough. The proof will be in the pudding, as they say … or rather the pushing or the pulling!

**Questions for *Forces* Set A**

**Vocabulary**:

1. Look at the first paragraph. **Find** and **copy** a word that means *place*.

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2. … *such as a team of huskies with a sledge …* what are huskies?

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3. *The north pole will attract the south pole* … Which group of words means the same as *attract* in this sentence? **Tick one**.

 pull towards it push away from it

 behave nicely to start a fight with

**Retrieval**

4. What does the text say that a force can do?

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5. What was given as the example of a pushing force?

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6. What are the two poles of a magnet called?

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**Inference**

7. What does the text say is the main difference between pulling and pushing forces?

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8. If we can’t see magnetism, how do we know about it?

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9. *If that’s hard to wrap your head around …* Which group of words best explains what this means? **Tick one**.

 If that feels like your skull … If you’re wearing a hat …

 If that’s not easy to understand … If that makes you sad …

**Summarise**

10. Here are some summaries of different paragraphs in the text. Number them from **1** to **4** to show the order in which they appear in the text.

Some forces are invisible.

 Magnetism is a force that only works on some materials.

 Forces can push or pull.

 Forces make things move.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Predict**

11. What would gravity do to your body *if you’ve ever lost your grip on the monkey bars*?

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**Compare**

12. Using what the text says, describe **one** way in which **magnetism** is

1. **Similar** **to** other forces

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1. **Different from** other forces

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Questions for *Forces* Set B**

**Vocabulary**:

1. Look at the first paragraph. **Find** and **copy** a word that means *carry on*.

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2. Look at the paragraph beginning *Magnetism is another force* … Which two words in the last sentence have the same meaning?

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3. *The north pole will … repel the north* … Which group of words means the same as *repel* in this sentence? **Tick one**.

 easily remember not like

 pull towards push away

**Retrieval**

4. What does the text say will make an object stop moving?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. What was given as the example of a pulling force?

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6. Name **two** objects that the text says would be attracted to a magnet.

 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Inference**

7. What does the text suggest is unusual about the forces of gravity and magnetism?

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8. *It’s almost magic the way a magnet can pick up a nail* … Explain why.

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9. *The proof will be in the pudding …* Which group of words best explains what this means? **Tick one**.

 You won’t know until you try. Puddings are magnetic.

 You need to heat the magnets. The answer will be hidden.

**Summarise**

10. Using the whole text, **tick** **one** **box** in **each** **row** to show whether each statement is true or false.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **True** | **False** |
| All forces are easy to see. |  |  |
| Magnetism can be blocked by paper or card. |  |  |
| The north pole of one magnet will pull towards the south pole of another. |  |  |

**Authorial intent**

11. … *the brush of the breeze through your hair* … Explain why the word *brush* was used.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Compare**

12. How are gravity and magnetism...

1. **Different** from each other?

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1. **Similar** to each other?

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**Answers for *Forces***

**Set A:**

**Vocabulary:**

**1.** position

**2.** (breed of) dogs

**3.** pull towards it

**Retrieval:**

**4.** make an object move (from one position to another)

**5.** rolling a giant snowball

**6.** north and south

**Inference:**

**7.** whether it is acting in front of or behind the object as it moves

**8.** You can see its effects on other materials.

**9.** If that’s not easy to understand …

**Summarise:**

**10.**

 **3** Some forces are invisible.

 **4** Magnetism is a force that only works on some materials.

 **2** Forces can push or pull.

 **1** Forces make things move.

**Predict:**

**11.** It would pull you down to the ground./You would fall down.

**Compare:**

**12.**

1. It can make objects move. It can be a pulling or a pushing force.
2. It can’t be seen. It doesn’t work on all materials.

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**Answers for *Forces***

**Set B:**

**Vocabulary:**

**1.** continue

**2.** moving and shifting

**3.** push away

**Retrieval:**

**4.** when another force acts in the opposite direction

**5.** huskies pulling a sledge

**6.** pick two from: nail/iron filings/other magnets

**Inference:**

**7.** You can’t see them.

**8.** It looks like a trick./It seems amazing./You can’t see how it’s being done.

**9.** You won’t know until you try.

**Summarise:**

**10.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **True** | **False** |
| All forces are easy to see. |  | **√** |
| Magnetism can be blocked by paper or card. |  | **√** |
| The north pole of one magnet will pull towards the south pole of another. | **√** |  |

**Authorial intent:**

**11.** Like a brush, the wind is passing through your hair./It is gentle like a hairbrush.

**Compare:**

**12.**

1. Gravity pulls things down, magnets can pull things in different directions
2. They can both pull things/have a pull force

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